

IC 25-22.5-5

Chapter 5. Licenses and Permits

IC 25-22.5-5-1

Licenses with examination

Sec. 1. Licenses with Examination. Any applicant who successfully passes the examination provided in chapter 4, and who meets all of the requirements of chapter 3, is entitled to be registered as a physician and to receive an unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine.

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.271, SEC.1.)

IC 25-22.5-5-2

Licenses without examination

Sec. 2. (a) The board in its discretion may register as a physician and may issue by endorsement an unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine to any applicant who has:

- (1) complied with the minimum requirements of IC 25-22.5-3; and
- (2) passed an examination:
 - (A) for licensure in another state or territory of the United States, or Canada; or
 - (B) given by a recognized certifying agency approved by the board;

if that examination was, in the opinion of the board, equivalent in every respect to Indiana's examination at the time it was taken.

(b) The board may refuse to issue a license or may issue a probationary license to an applicant for licensure under this section if:

- (1) the applicant has been disciplined by an administrative agency in another state or jurisdiction; and
- (2) the board determines that the violation for which the applicant was disciplined has a direct bearing on the applicant's ability to practice competently as a physician in Indiana.

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.271, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.149-1987, SEC.53; P.L.33-1993, SEC.28.

IC 25-22.5-5-2.5

Unlimited and probationary licenses; refusal to license; removal of limitation

Sec. 2.5. (a) The board may:

- (1) refuse to issue a license;
- (2) issue an unlimited license; or
- (3) issue a probationary license to an applicant for licensure by examination or endorsement;

if the applicant has had a license revoked under this chapter and is applying for a new license after the expiration of the period prescribed by IC 25-1-9-12.

(b) When issuing a probationary license under this section, the board may require the individual holding the license to perform any

of the following acts as a condition for the issuance of a probationary license:

- (1) Submit a regular report to the board concerning matters that are the basis of probation.
- (2) Limit the practice of the individual to the areas prescribed by the board.
- (3) Continue or renew the individual's professional education.
- (4) Perform or refrain from performing acts, as the board considers appropriate to the public interest or the rehabilitation of the individual.
- (5) Engage in community restitution or service without compensation for a number of hours specified by the board.
- (6) Any combination of these conditions.

(c) If the board determines following a hearing that the deficiency requiring disciplinary action concerning the individual has been remedied, the board shall remove any limitation placed on the individual's license under subsection (b).

As added by P.L.152-1988, SEC.15. Amended by P.L.33-1993, SEC.29; P.L.32-2000, SEC.13.

IC 25-22.5-5-3

Waiver of requirements

Sec. 3. The board, in certain exceptional instances, may waive for limited licenses, temporary medical permits, or final licensure any of the provisions of this article, including fee requirements, if a complete evaluation by the board of the applicant's previous training, education, and practice determines them to equal or exceed the requirements of this article.

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.271, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.247-1985, SEC.12.

IC 25-22.5-5-4

Temporary medical permits

Sec. 4. (a) The board may authorize the service bureau to issue temporary medical permits for the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine. When a temporary medical permit is issued, it is subject to any termination date specified by the board. A temporary medical permit may be issued to any person who:

- (1) has completed the academic requirements for the degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy from a medical school approved by the board; and
- (2) desires to obtain postgraduate medical education or training in a medical education institution or hospital located in Indiana which has standards for postgraduate medical education and training satisfactory to the board;

is required to obtain a temporary medical permit unless the graduate possesses an unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine in Indiana. Application for the permit must be made to the board subject to this article. A temporary medical permit issued to a person under this subsection for purposes of postgraduate training is

valid for a period of one (1) year and may be renewed for additional one (1) year periods at the discretion of the board.

(b) A medical educational institution located in Indiana which has standards satisfactory to the board may, in the board's discretion, secure from it a permit for a person in the active practice of medicine outside the state of Indiana or the United States, but who is not licensed in Indiana, to teach medicine in the institution for an annually renewable period not to exceed one (1) year by filing with the board an application by the institution and the person certifying:

- (1) the person's professional qualifications;
- (2) the term of the teaching appointment;
- (3) the medical subjects to be taught; and
- (4) other information and assurances as the board may require.

If the application is approved, the person is entitled to receive a "temporary medical teaching permit" which authorizes the person to teach medicine in the applicant institution for a stated period not to exceed one (1) year. This permit must be kept in the possession of the institution and surrendered by it to the board for cancellation within thirty (30) days after the person has ceased teaching in the institution. The permit authorizes the person to practice in the institution only and, in the course of teaching, to practice those medical or osteopathic medical acts as are usually and customarily performed by a physician teaching in a medical educational institution, but does not authorize the person to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine otherwise.

(c) Any medical educational institution in this state which authorizes or permits a physician to violate this article or which itself violates this section may, in the discretion of the board, be disqualified from further receiving the benefits of this section.

(d) The board may authorize the issuance of a temporary medical permit to a person who will be taking in Indiana for the first time the examination or portion of the examination required by the board. A temporary medical permit holder under this subsection shall work under the supervision of a licensed physician, who is in good standing with the board, until the results of the examination taken by the permit holder are published by the board. If the holder of a temporary medical permit under this subsection fails the examination, the board may reissue a temporary medical permit to the holder upon conditions, and for a period of time, that the board considers appropriate.

(e) A person who holds a valid license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine in the United States, its possessions, or Canada, and who is seeking licensure by endorsement, may be issued a temporary medical permit by the service bureau upon the authorization of the board. A temporary medical permit issued under this subsection is valid for ninety (90) days or for a period considered appropriate by the board.

(f) A person who is licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine by any board or licensing agency of another state or jurisdiction, and who meets the requirements established by the

board under IC 25-22.5-2-7, may be issued a temporary medical permit limited by terms and conditions considered appropriate by the board. A temporary medical permit issued under this subsection is valid for a nonrenewable period of no more than thirty (30) days.
(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.271, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.247-1985, SEC.13.

IC 25-22.5-5-4.5

Authorization for issuing temporary fellowship permits; requirements; application; expiration of permit; possession of permit; denying permit; affidavit

Sec. 4.5. (a) The board may authorize the service bureau to issue temporary fellowship permits for the practice of medicine. A temporary fellowship is subject to any termination date specified by the board.

(b) The board may issue a temporary fellowship permit to a graduate of a school located outside the United States, its possessions, or Canada if the graduate:

- (1) applies in the form and manner required by the board;
- (2) pays a fee set by the board;
- (3) has completed the academic requirements for the degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school approved by the board;
- (4) has been issued a valid permit by another state for participation in a postgraduate medical education or training program located in a state that has standards for postgraduate medical education and training satisfactory to the board;
- (5) has been accepted into a postgraduate medical fellowship training program that:
 - (A) is affiliated with a medical school located in a state that issued a permit under subdivision (4);
 - (B) has a training site located in Indiana; and
 - (C) has standards for postgraduate medical education and training satisfactory to the board;
- (6) provides the board with documentation of the areas of medical practice for which the training is sought;
- (7) provides the board with at least two (2) letters of reference documenting the individual's character; and
- (8) demonstrates to the board that the individual is a physician of good character who is in good standing outside the United States, its possessions, or Canada where the person normally would practice.

(c) Applications for the temporary fellowship permit for graduates of foreign medical schools must be made to the board subject to this section.

(d) A permit issued under this section expires one (1) year after the date it is issued and, at the discretion of the board, may be renewed for additional one (1) year periods upon the payment of a renewal fee set by the board by rule.

(e) An individual who applies for a temporary fellowship permit

under this section is not required to take any step of the United States Medical Licensure Examination.

(f) A temporary fellowship permit must be kept in the possession of the fellowship training institution and surrendered by it to the board within thirty (30) days after the person ceases training in Indiana.

(g) A temporary fellowship permit authorizes a person to practice in the training institution only and, in the course of training, to practice only those medical acts approved by the board but does not authorize the person to practice medicine otherwise.

(h) The board may deny an application for a temporary fellowship permit if the training program that has accepted the applicant has:

- (1) violated; or
- (2) authorized or permitted a physician to violate;

this section.

(i) A person issued a temporary fellowship permit under this section must file an affidavit that:

- (1) is signed by a physician licensed in Indiana;
- (2) includes the license number of the signing physician;
- (3) attests that the physician will monitor the work of the physician holding the temporary fellowship permit; and
- (4) is notarized.

The affidavit must be filed with the bureau before the person holding the temporary fellowship permit may provide medical services.

(j) This section expires July 1, 2008.

As added by P.L.184-2003, SEC.13. Amended by P.L.97-2004, SEC.94.

Repealed

(Repealed by P.L.185-1993, SEC.15.)

IC 25-22.5-5-6

Eye enucleators; corneal excision technicians; registration; training programs

Sec. 6. (a) The board shall register as an eye enucleator an individual who qualifies for registration under rules adopted by the board under IC 25-22.5-2-7. An applicant for registration as an eye enucleator must submit evidence that the applicant has successfully completed a training program in the enucleation of eyes approved by the board. To be approved, a training program must:

- (1) be taught by one (1) or more surgeons or physicians;
- (2) include instruction and practice in:
 - (A) anatomy and physiology of the eye;
 - (B) the maintenance of a sterile field during the removal of an eye; and
 - (C) the use of appropriate instruments and sterile procedures for removing the eye; and
- (3) comply with rules adopted by the board under IC 25-22.5-2-7.

Registration of an eye enucleator under this section does not qualify the eye enucleator to remove corneas or corneal tissue.

(b) The board shall register as a corneal excision technician a person who qualifies for registration under rules adopted by the board under IC 25-22.5-2-7. An applicant for registration as a corneal excision technician must submit evidence that the applicant has successfully completed a training program in corneal excision approved by the board. To be approved, a training program must:

- (1) be taught by one (1) or more surgeons or physicians;
- (2) include instruction and practice in:
 - (A) the anatomy and physiology of the eye;
 - (B) maintenance of a sterile field during the removal of a cornea, an eye, or part of an eye; and
 - (C) the use of appropriate instruments and sterile procedures for removing a cornea, an eye, or part of an eye; and
- (3) comply with rules adopted by the board under IC 25-22.5-2-7.

A corneal excision technician registered under this section may remove an eye, part of an eye, a cornea, and corneal tissue.

(c) The board may revoke a registration issued under this section upon a showing of good cause for revocation.

(d) The board shall adopt rules under IC 25-22.5-2-7 to implement this section.

As added by P.L.36-1993, SEC.3.